

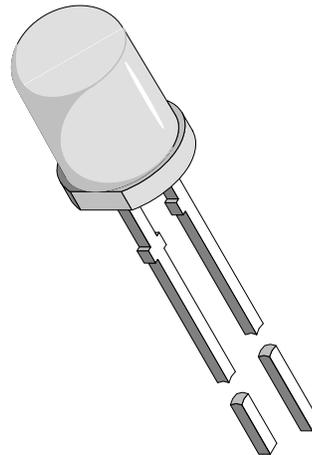
## Silicon PIN Photodiode

### Description

BPV10F is a very high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiode in a standard T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$  plastic package. The epoxy package itself is an IR filter, spectrally matched to GaAs or GaAs on GaAlAs IR emitters ( $\lambda_p=950\text{nm}$ ).

### Features

- Extra fast response times
- High bandwidth  $B = 250 \text{ MHz}$  at  $V_R=12 \text{ V}$
- High radiant sensitivity
- Radiant sensitive area  $A=0.78\text{mm}^2$
- Standard T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$  ( $\phi 5 \text{ mm}$ ) with IR filter for GaAs IR emitters (950 nm)
- Angle of half sensitivity  $\phi = \pm 15^\circ$

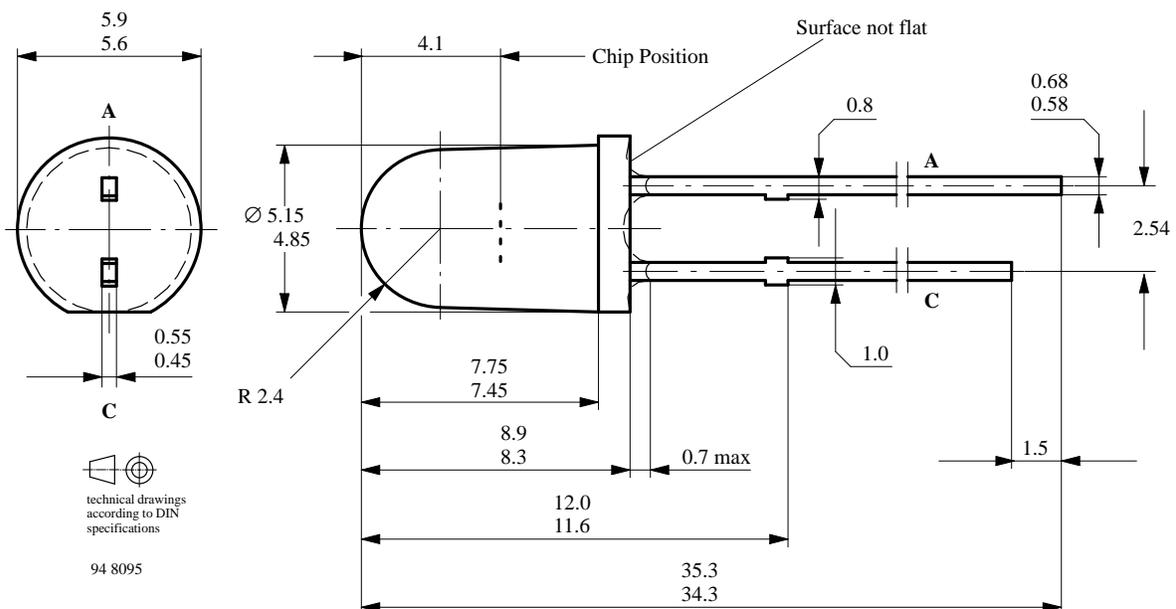


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### Applications

Wide band detector for demodulation of fast signals, industrial electronics, measurement, control circuits and fast interrupters

### Dimensions in mm



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		$V_R$	60	V
Power Dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$P_V$	215	mW
Junction Temperature		$T_j$	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{stg}$	-55...+100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	2 mm from body, $t \leq 5$ s	$T_{sd}$	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		$R_{thJA}$	350	K/W

### Basic Characteristics

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$I_F = 50$ mA	$V_F$		1.0	1.3	V
Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 100$ $\mu\text{A}$ , $E = 0$	$V_{(BR)}$	60			V
Reverse Dark Current	$V_R = 20$ V, $E = 0$	$I_{ro}$		1	5	nA
Diode Capacitance	$V_R = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz, $E = 0$	$C_D$		11		pF
Diode Capacitance	$V_R = 5$ V, $f = 1$ MHz, $E = 0$	$C_D$		3.8		pF
Open Circuit Voltage	$E_e = 1$ mW/cm <sup>2</sup> , $\lambda = 950$ nm	$V_o$		450		mV
Short Circuit Current	$E_e = 1$ mW/cm <sup>2</sup> , $\lambda = 950$ nm	$I_k$		55		$\mu\text{A}$
Reverse Light Current	$E_e = 1$ mW/cm <sup>2</sup> , $\lambda = 950$ nm, $V_R = 5$ V	$I_{ra}$	30	60		$\mu\text{A}$
Absolute Spectral Sensitivity	$V_R = 5$ V, $\lambda = 950$ nm	$s(\lambda)$		0.5		A/W
Angle of Half Sensitivity		$\varphi$		$\pm 15$		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		$\lambda_p$		950		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		850...1050		nm
Quantum efficiency	$\lambda = 950$ nm	$\eta$		65		%
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R = 20$ V, $\lambda = 950$ nm	NEP		$3 \times 10^{-14}$		W/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Detectivity	$V_R = 20$ V, $\lambda = 950$ nm	$D^*$		$3 \times 10^{12}$		cm $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ / W
Rise Time	$V_R = 50$ V, $R_L = 50$ $\Omega$ , $\lambda = 820$ nm	$t_r$		2.5		ns
Fall Time	$V_R = 50$ V, $R_L = 50$ $\Omega$ , $\lambda = 820$ nm	$t_f$		2.5		ns

## Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

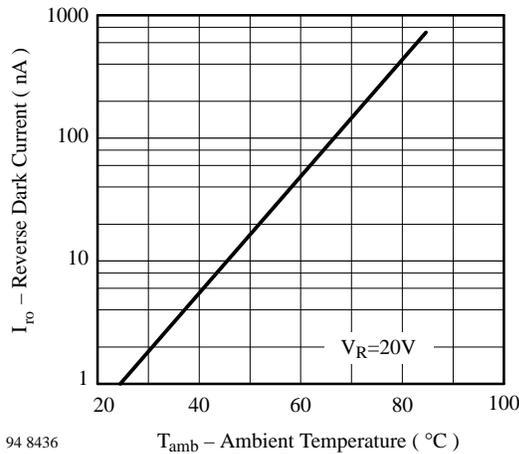


Figure 1 : Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

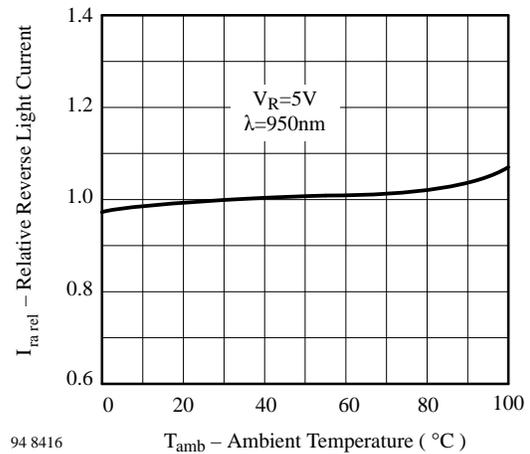


Figure 2 : Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature

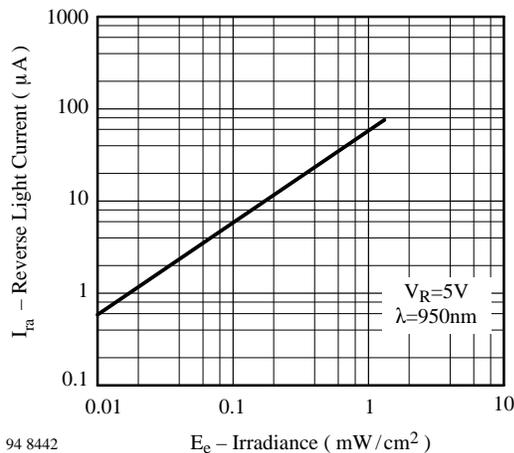


Figure 3 : Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

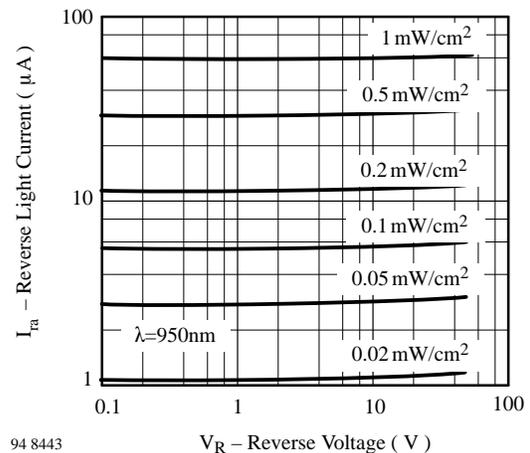


Figure 4 : Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage

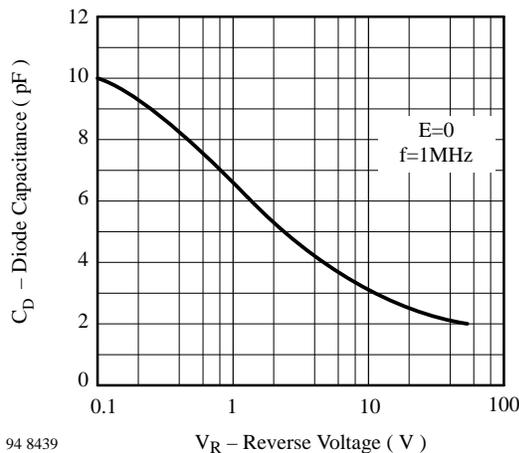


Figure 5 : Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

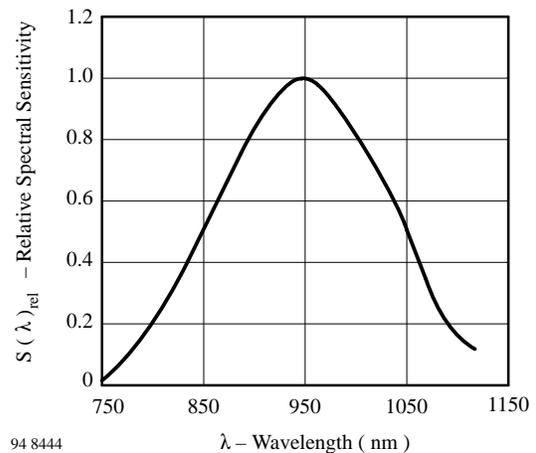
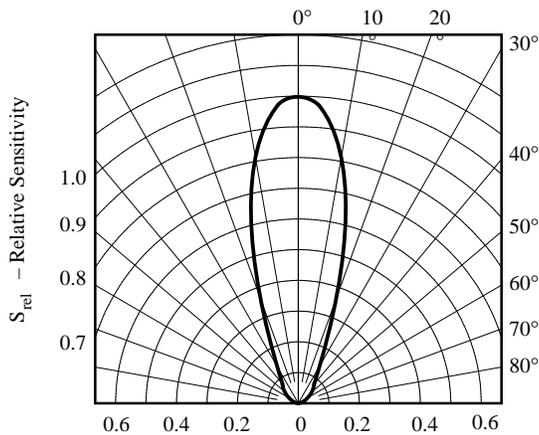


Figure 6 : Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



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**Figure 7 : Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement**

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design without further notice.**

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